

ORIGINAL COURSE IMPLEMENTATION DATE: REVISED COURSE IMPLEMENTATION DATE: COURSE TO BE REVIEWED: (six years after UEC approval) Course outline form version: 09/15/14 June 1994 September 2017 November 2021

OFFICIAL UNDERGRADUATE COURSE OUTLINE FORM

Note: The University reserves the right to amend course outlines as needed without notice.

Course Code and Number: BIO 202			Number of Credits: 4 Course credit policy (105)				
Course Full Title: Cell Signaling/Gene Reg	ulation						
Course Short Title (if title exceeds 30 charac	ters):						
Faculty: Faculty of Science		Dep	Department (or program if no department): Biology				
Calendar Description:							
This course focuses on cellular signal transc genome organization, the cell cycle and can the regulation of gene expression.	luction. Topi cer, biotech	ics cover nology a	red inclu nd gene	ude electric etic engine	al and chemical signalir ering, transcription and t	ng, DNA structure and ranslation mechanisms, and	
Prerequisites (or NONE):	One of the following: (BIO [CHEM 110 or CHEM 113] AGRI 163. AGRI 203. AGR			112 and CHEM 114, both with a C+ or better) or (BIO 111,], and [two of the following: AGRI 123, AGRI 124, AGRI 129, RI 204, or AGRI 220], all with a C+ or better).			
Corequisites (if applicable, or NONE):							
Pre/corequisites (if applicable, or NONE):							
Equivalent Courses (cannot be taken for additional credit)			Transfer Credit				
Former course code/number:			Transfer credit already exists: 🛛 Yes 🔲 No				
Cross-listed with:				Transfer gradit requested (ODer to submit to DCCAT).			
Equivalent course(s):				Transfer credit requested (OReg to submit to BCCAT): \Box Yee, \Box No. (fines fill in transfer and it form)			
Note: Equivalent course(s) should be included in the calendar description by way of a note that students with credit for the equivalent course(s) cannot take this course for further credit.				□ Tes <t< td=""></t<>			
Total Hours: 90				Special	Topics		
Typical structure of instructional hours:				Will the	course be offered with d	ifferent topics?	
Lecture hours		45		🗌 Yes	🖾 No		
Seminars/tutorials/workshops		25		lf voo di	fforont lattored courses	may be taken for gradity	
Laboratory hours		20			If yes, different lettered courses may be taken for cre		
Field experience hours							
Experiential (practicum, internship, etc.)				Note: The	e specific topic will be recor	ded when offered.	
Online learning activities				Maximu	m enrolment (for inform	nation only): 24	
Other contact hours:						······	
	90		Expecte annually	Expected frequency of course offerings (every semest annually, every other year, etc.): annually			
Department / Program Head or Director: Allan Arndt					Date approved:	November 25, 2016	
Faculty Council approval				Date approved:	January 6, 2017		
Campus-Wide Consultation (CWC)				Date of posting:	March 17, 2017		
Dean/Associate VP: Lucy Lee					Date approved:	January 6, 2017	
Undergraduate Education Committee (UEC) approval					Date of meeting:	March 24, 2017	

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Learning Outcomes

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Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the main steps in signal transduction in cells.
- 2. Explain how electrical and chemical signals are essential for nervous system signaling.
- 3. Discuss the organization of the genome of cells.
- 4. Describe how DNA replication works in prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.
- 5. Explain the cell cycle and the role of mitosis.
- 6. Describe the role of biotechnology and genetic engineering in society.
- 7. Describe how transcription and translation processes work in eukaryotic cells.
- 8. Discuss the mechanisms of control of gene expression.
- 9. Perform laboratory skills such as the use of DNA and gel electrophoresis, the use of thermocycler for PCR, transformation of bacteria, etc.
- 10. Write a detailed scientific report (organized as a research paper) that interprets scientific experimental data from multiweek procedures.
- 11. Present an evaluation of a modern research paper to the class.

Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition (PLAR)

Yes No, PLAR cannot be awarded for this course because

Typical Instructional Methods (guest lecturers, presentations, online instruction, field trips, etc.; may vary at department's discretion) Lecture, demonstration, small group practice, discussion, A/V materials, use of models, charts, and lab exercises.

Grading system: Letter Grades: 🛛 Credit/No Credit: 🗌 Labs to be scheduled independent of lecture hours: Yes 🖾 No 🗌

NOTE: The following sections may vary by instructor. Please see course syllabus available from the instructor.

Typical Text(s) and Resource Materials (if more space is required, download Supplemental Texts and Resource Materials form) Author (surname, initials) Title (article, book, journal, etc.) Current ed. Publisher Year The World of the Cell 1. Becker \boxtimes Pearson 2008 2. 3. \square 4. 5.

Required Additional Supplies and Materials (software, hardware, tools, specialized clothing, etc.)

Typical Evaluation Methods and Weighting

Final exam:	45%	Assignments:	%	Midterm exam:	25%	Practicum:	%
Quizzes/tests:	5%	Lab reports:	10%	Field experience:	%	Shop work:	%
Oral presentation:	15%	Other:	%	Other:	%	Total:	100%

Details (if necessary):

Typical Course Content and Topics

- 1. Cell Signaling and Signal Transduction:
 - Electrical properties of cells and nervous system signaling
 - Chemical signals, cellular receptors, novel messenger molecules
 - Signal transduction pathways stimulating gene expression
- 2. Structural Basis of Cellular Information:
- DNA structure, genome organization, DNA packaging.BIO 202
- 3. DNA Replication and Cell Division:
 - DNA replication, DNA damage and repair, cell cycle, cancer.
- 4. Biotechnology and Genetic engineering:
 - Gene cloning, genetic engineering, gene therapy.
- 5. Gene Expression:
 - Genetic code, transcription, RNA processing, translation, protein targeting.
- 6. Control of Gene Expression:
 - Prokaryotes vs. eukaryotes, transcriptional vs. posttranscriptional control.

Laboratory Experiments

In the lab/seminar component of the course students work on complex lab exercises for five to six weeks. The remaining time is used for student presentation of research projects. For the research projects, students work in pairs or individually and must choose a research paper dealing with any topic related to cell biology. The majority choose papers from Science, Nature or Cell due to our current library holdings. The choice of paper must be approved by the instructor.

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Students must acquire a good basic understanding of the paper including the techniques described in the paper. The students then present the paper to the class. They are graded on the level of understanding demonstrated during the presentation as well as during a brief discussion with the instructor and class immediately following their presentation.

The primary objective of this activity is to teach the students how to read the literature. A secondary objective is to expose students to the application of experimental techniques which cannot actually be performed or demonstrated in our teaching labs.

Lab exercises include:

Lab 1: PCR analysis and sequence comparisons of human mitochondrial DNA.

Students will isolate their own mitochondrial DNA from cheek cells and amplify a specific region using the Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR). Samples will be run on a DNA electrophoresis gel and then later sequenced. Sequences will be compared to a number of other sequences in a human mtDNA database.

Lab 2: Control of gene expression in Eukaryotes.

Insects (meal worms) are exposed to heat shock conditions. Blood and tissue samples are assayed using Western blotting with an hsp70 antibody to observe aspects of the expression of hsp70 gene.

Lab 3: Gene regulation in transgenic bacteria.

Students create transgenic bacteria by inserting a jellyfish gene which glows when active. The students then determine the presence or absence of the gene and the environmental factors which can influence activity of this transgene.

Supporting lab equipment available:

In-house manual presently in use as is all necessary equipment.