

ORIGINAL COURSE IMPLEMENTATION DATE: November 1993 REVISED COURSE IMPLEMENTATION DATE: January 2018 March 2023

COURSE TO BE REVIEWED: (six years after UEC approval)

Course outline form version: 09/15/14

# OFFICIAL UNDERGRADUATE COURSE OUTLINE FORM

Note: The University reserves the right to amend course outlines as needed without notice.

Course Code and Number: BIO 210			Number of Credits: 4 Course credit policy (105)								
Course Full Title: Introduction to Ecology											
Course Short Title (if title exceeds 30 characters):											
Faculty: Faculty of Science			Department (or program if no department): Biology								
Calendar Description:											
This course is an introduction to the basic principles of ecological theory relating to the structure and function of ecosystems and examines the various ways in which organisms interact.  Note: Field trips outside of class time are required.											
Prerequisites (or NONE):					CHEM 114, both with a C+ or better) or (BIO 111, [CHEM following: AGRI 123, AGRI 124, AGRI 129, AGRI 163, ], all with a C+ or better).						
Corequisites (if applicable, or NONE):											
Pre/corequisites (if applicable, or NONE):											
Equivalent Courses (cannot be taken for additional credit)				Transfer Credit							
•				Transfer credit already exists: ⊠ Yes □ No							
Cross-listed with:				Transfer are dit requested (ODes to submit to DCCAT)							
Equivalent course(s):					Transfer credit requested (OReg to submit to BCCAT):						
Note: Equivalent course(s) should be included in the calendar description by way of a note that students with credit for the equivalent course(s) cannot take this course for further credit.				☐ Yes ☐ No (if yes, fill in transfer credit form)  Resubmit revised outline for articulation: ☐ Yes ☐ No  To find out how this course transfers, see							

### **Learning Outcomes**

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Explain how global climate patterns determine the distribution of Earth's major biomes
- 2. Discuss basic ecological processes that affect individuals, populations, and communities of organisms
- 3. Identify local plant species
- 4. Conduct basic vegetation surveys
- 5. Make assessments of habitat and community structure.
- 6. Apply statistical analyses to ecological data and present this information in both written and oral formats

# **Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition (PLAR)**

**Grading system:** Letter Grades: ⊠ Credit/No Credit: □

Yes No, PLAR cannot be awarded for this course because

Typical Instructional Methods (guest lecturers, presentations, online instruction, field trips, etc.; may vary at department's discretion) Instruction will include a combination of lectures, group work in class, video and oral presentations, laboratory and field exercises, as well as design and execution of a group field investigation.

NOTE: The following sections may vary by instructor. Please see course syllabus available from the instructor.

# Typical Text(s) and Resource Materials (if more space is required, download Supplemental Texts and Resource Materials form) Author (surname, initials) Title (article, book, journal, etc.) Current ed. Publisher Year 1. Smith/Smith Elements of Ecology with MasteringBiology Cummings 2014

Labs to be scheduled independent of lecture hours: Yes ☒ No ☐

Required Additional Supplies and Materials (software, hardware, tools, specialized clothing, etc.)

### **Typical Evaluation Methods and Weighting**

Final exam:	30%	Assignments:	10%	Midterm exam:	20%	Practicum:	%
Quizzes/tests:	%	Lab work:	%	Field trip written report:	15%	Shop work:	%
In-class participation:	5%	In-class oral presen	tation:5%	Stream ecology report:	15%	Total:	100%

# **Typical Course Content and Topics**

Life and the physical environment

Physical conditions, climate patterns

Climate diagrams and the major terrestrial biomes

Life in water - zonation and nutrient flow

Response to changing essential conditions

Temperature

Water

**Energy and nutrients** 

Succession

Population processes

Distributions and life history patterns

Growth and dynamics

Dispersal and metapopulations

Interactions

Competition

Parasitism and mutualism

Communities

Community structure and food webs

Nutrient cycling

Landscape ecology and conservation

## **Laboratory Exercises**

- 1. Tree, shrub, and ground cover identification in the woodlot. Students will be introduced to sampling methods and local plant identification.
- 2. Plant diversity in a raised bog. Students will travel to Derby Reach to investigate plant diversity in this unique community and apply statistical measures to look for variance and correlations in sampling.
- 3. Soil invertebrates. The class will collect litter/soil samples and learn to use a key to identify the common invertebrates present.
- 4. The class will learn stewardship techniques for monitoring and improving habitat quality in local streams by quantifying physical conditions as well as assessing the invertebrate community and phytoplankton levels.
- 5. A field trip component will also introduce students to developing and testing their own hypotheses. Groups of students will develop their own investigation on the consequences environmental gradients have on the makeup of communities.