

ORIGINAL COURSE IMPLEMENTATION DATE:

REVISED COURSE IMPLEMENTATION DATE:

September 2022

COURSE TO BE REVIEWED (six years after UEC approval):

January 2028

Course outline form version: 05/18/2018

# OFFICIAL UNDERGRADUATE COURSE OUTLINE FORM

Note: The University reserves the right to amend course outlines as needed without notice.

Course Code and Number: BIO 335	Numb	Number of Credits: 4 Course credit policy (105)				
Course Full Title: Freshwater Ecology						
Course Short Title:						
(Transcripts only display 30 characters. Departments may recommend a short title if one is needed. If left blank, one will be assigned.)						
Faculty: Faculty of Science	Depa	rtment (or	r program if no department): Biology			
Calendar Description:						
The study of inland waters including lakes, wetlands, rivers, and streams. Topics include the biotic components of freshwater ecosystems such as invertebrate and fish communities, the hydrology and geology of lake and stream systems, and the fundamentals of surface water chemistry and physics.						
Note: This course is offered as BIO 335 and GEOG 335. Students may take only one of these for credit.						
Prerequisites (or NONE):	BIO 210 or GEOG 202.					
Corequisites (if applicable, or NONE):						
Pre/corequisites (if applicable, or NONE):						
Antirequisite Courses (Cannot be taken for additional credit.) Former course code/number: BIO 421T Cross-listed with: GEOG 335			Special Topics (Double-click on boxes to select.)  This course is offered with different topics:  ☑ No ☐ Yes (If yes, topic will be recorded when offered.)			
Dual-listed with:		-			,	
Equivalent course(s): GEOG 335			Independent Study If offered as an Independent Study course, this course may			
(If offered in the previous five years, antirequisite course(s) will be included in the calendar description as a note that students with credit for the antirequisite course(s) cannot take this course for further credit.)			be repeated for further credit: (If yes, topic will be recorded.)  No Yes, repeat(s) Yes, no limit			
			Transfer Credit			
Typical Structure of Instructional Hours				•	ee <u>bctransferguide.ca</u> .)	
Lecture/seminar hours		45	⊠ No	_		
Tutorials/workshops			Submit	outline for (re)articulation	:	
Supervised laboratory hours			<b>□</b>			
		20	⊠ No	☐ Yes (If yes, fill in tran	sfer credit form.)	
Experiential (field experience, practicum, int	ernship, etc.)	20 25		☐ Yes (If yes, fill in tran	sfer credit form.)	
Experiential (field experience, practicum, interpretation Supervised online activities	ernship, etc.)		Grading	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			Grading	g System	Credit	
Supervised online activities	ernship, etc.)  Total hours		Grading	g System er Grades	Credit	
Supervised online activities	Total hours	25	Grading  Lette  Maximu  Expecte	g System or Grades	Credit	
Supervised online activities Other contact hours:	Total hours hours: ⊠ No □	90	Grading  Lette  Maximu  Expecte Once ev	g System or Grades	Credit mation only): 24 e Offerings:	
Supervised online activities  Other contact hours:  Labs to be scheduled independent of lecture	Total hours hours: ⊠ No □	90	Grading  Lette  Maximu  Expecte Once ev	g System or Grades	Credit mation only): 24 e Offerings: mester, Fall only, annually,	

#### **Learning Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the physical, chemical, biological, geographical and geological factors of inland waters and how these affect the distribution of organisms.
- 2. Synthesize the roles of chemistry and ecology in the health of freshwater ecosystems.
- 3. Describe the major components of freshwater ecosystems.
- 4. Design a research project in freshwater ecology.
- 5. Implement a research project in freshwater ecology.
- 6. Demonstrate proficiency in freshwater field techniques.
- 7. Analyze chemical and physical qualities of water samples.
- 8. Interpret chemical and biological data.
- 9. Predict water quality from empirical data.
- 10. Identify and describe the biotic community of freshwater streams.
- 11. Predict how human influence can impact freshwater ecosystems.
- 12. Examine indigenous management of freshwater resources.

#### **Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition (PLAR)**

☑ Yes ☐ No, PLAR cannot be awarded for this course because

**Typical Instructional Methods** (Guest lecturers, presentations, online instruction, field trips, etc.; may vary at department's discretion.) A combination of lectures, guest lectures, case studies, student presentations, written assignments, field trips, and laboratory exercises.

#### NOTE: The following sections may vary by instructor. Please see course syllabus available from the instructor.

Typical Text(s) and Resource Materials (If more space is required, download Supplemental Texts and Resource Materials form.)

Author (surname, initials) Title (article, book, journal, etc.) Publisher Ye

	Author (surname, initials)	i itle (article, book, journal, etc.)	Publisher	rear
1. Allan, Castillo et al.		Stream ecology: structure and function of running waters	Springer	2021
2	Gordon, McMahon, Finlayson, Gippel, Nathan	Stream hydrology: an introduction for ecologists	Wiley	2004
3	Hauer, Lamberti	Methods in stream ecology	Academic Press	2017
4	Dodds,	Freshwater Ecology: Concepts and Environmental Applications	Academic Press	2019
5				

Required Additional Supplies and Materials (Software, hardware, tools, specialized clothing, etc.)

Use this section for supplies and materials for all sections of this course.

## **Typical Evaluation Methods and Weighting**

Final exam:	35%	Midterm exam:	15%	Field experience:	%	Presentation:	5%
Final paper and presentation:	15%	Lab reports:	30%	Shop work:	%	Total:	100%

#### Details (if necessary):

### **Typical Course Content and Topics**

- Overview of lakes, rivers, wetlands, ground water ecosystems
- River continuum
- Fresh water organisms: monera; plankton, invertebrates, and fish
- Introduction to aquatic food webs; students will collect stream invertebrates and identify them and place them in a food web
- Introduced and invasive species
- Primary and secondary production, dissolved oxygen, CO2; measurement of production
- Nutrient dynamics; anions: carbon, nitrates, phosphates, sulphates; cations: potassium, sodium, calcium, magnesium; students will measure nutrients and ions in Clayburn stream and compare it to Stoney Creek
- Causes and ecological implications of stratification and mixing
- · Sediment and river cycles
- Applications: aquatic pollution; eutrophication, water treatment (domestic and sewage),
- Importance of water as a resource.

Labs: (conducted in the field)

Surface water chemistry: salinity and the bicarbonate buffering system, pH, alkalinity, and hardness

Terrestrial input: measuring dissolved and particulate organic carbon

Stream lab: fish and macroinvertebrate sampling in the field

Lake lab: zooplankton identification and enumeration

Student research projects (4 weeks)