

ORIGINAL COURSE IMPLEMENTATION DATE: REVISED COURSE IMPLEMENTATION DATE: COURSE TO BE REVIEWED (six years after UEC approval): January 2006 September 2020 January 2026

OFFICIAL UNDERGRADUATE COURSE OUTLINE FORM

Course outline form version: 05/18/2018

Note: The University reserves the right to amend course outlines as needed without notice.

Course Code and Number: MATH 444	Number of Credits: 3 Course credit policy (105)							
Course Full Title: Metric Spaces								
Course Short Title:								
(Transcripts only display 30 characters. Departments may recommend a short title if one is needed. If left blank, one will be assigned.)								
Faculty: Faculty of Science		Department (or program if no department): Mathematics & Statistics						
Calendar Description:								
Metrics are generalized notions of distance, allowing concepts such as continuity and convergence to be studied in more general settings than Euclidean space. Topics include topological concepts such as open and closed sets, convergence, completeness, continuity, connectedness and compactness.								
Prerequisites (or NONE): MATH 221 and one of MATH 320 o will change to the following: MATH :			r MATH 340. Note: As of January 2021, prerequisites 221 and MATH 340.					
Corequisites (if applicable, or NONE):								
Pre/corequisites (if applicable, or NONE):								
Antirequisite Courses (Cannot be taken for additional credit.)			Special Topics (Double-click on boxes to select.)					
Former course code/number:			This course is offered with different topics:					
Cross-listed with:			\square No \square Yes (If yes, topic will be recorded when offered.)					
Dual-listed with:			Independent Study					
Equivalent course(s):			If offere	If offered as an Independent Study course, this course may				
(If offered in the previous five years, antirequisite course(s) will be included in the calendar description as a note that students with credit for the antirequisite course(s) cannot take this course for further credit.)			be repeated for further credit: (If yes, topic will be recorded.) ⊠ No □ Yes, repeat(s) □ Yes, no limit					
		Transfe	er Credit					
Typical Structure of Instructional Hours			Transfer credit already exists: (See <u>bctransferguide.ca</u> .)					
Lecture/seminar hours		50	NO NO	Submit outline for (re)articulation:				
Tutorials/workshops			Submit					
Supervised laboratory hours		No No	ster credit form.)					
Experiential (field experience, practicum, in)	Gradin	g System					
Supervised online activities		🛛 Lette	er Grades 🛛 Credit/No	Credit				
Other contact hours:		Maxim	um enrolment (for infor	mation only): 36				
Total hours 50 Expected Frequency of Course Offerings:								
Labs to be scheduled independent of lecture hours: No Yes Every third year (Every semester, Fall only, annually, etc.)								
Department / Program Head or Director: Ian Affleck				Date approved:	June 2019			
Faculty Council approval				Date approved:	October 4, 2019			
Dean/Associate VP: Lucy Lee			Date approved:	October 4, 2019				
Campus-Wide Consultation (CWC)			Date of posting:	January 10, 2020				
Undergraduate Education Committee (UEC) approval			Date of meeting:	January 31, 2020				

MATH 444

5.

Learning Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. State the definition of metric space and demonstrate whether or not a given space is a metric space.
- Define the appropriate topological concepts such as connectedness, compactness, completeness, boundary, limit point.
 Formulate proofs to establish elementary results and the truth or falsity of elementary statements regarding these basic
- concepts.
 4. Discuss convergence in terms of Cauchy sequences, construct the completion of a metric space, state and use the theorems regarding completeness and compactness.
- 5. State equivalent versions of the definition of continuity, and use them to establish the continuity or discontinuity of given functions.
- 6. Show via elementary formal arguments the role continuity plays in the various results (e.g. preservation of compactness under continuous functions, fixed point theorems).

Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition (PLAR)

Yes No, PLAR cannot be awarded for this course because

Typical Instructional Methods (*Guest lecturers, presentations, online instruction, field trips, etc.; may vary at department's discretion.*) This course will be primarily lecture-based.

NOTE: The following sections may vary by instructor. Please see course syllabus available from the instructor.

Typical Text(s) and Resource Materials (If more space is required, download Supplemental Texts and Resource Materials form.)

	Author (surname, initials)	Title (article, book, journal, etc.)	Current ed.	Publisher	Year
1.	V. Bryant	Metric Spaces		Cambridge University Press	1985
2.	T. W. Gamelin and R. E. Greene	Introduction to Topology		Dover	1999
3.	R. B. Reisel	Elementary Theory of Metric Spaces		Springer-Verlag	1983
4.	W. A. Sutherland	Introduction to Metric and Topological Spaces		Oxford University Press	2010

Required Additional Supplies and Materials (Software, hardware, tools, specialized clothing, etc.)

Typical Evaluation Methods and Weighting

Final exam:	40%	Assignments:	15%	Field experience:	%	Portfolio:	%
Midterm exam:	30%	Project:	%	Practicum:	%	Other:	%
Quizzes/tests:	15%	Lab work:	%	Shop work:	%	Total:	100%

Details (if necessary): In addition, students must score at least 40% on the final exam in order to pass the course.

Typical Course Content and Topics

- 1. Definition of metric spaces, examples.
- 2. Subspaces, product spaces.
- 3. Topological concepts open and closed sets, bounded sets.
- 4. Limit points, interior and boundary points.
- 5. Equivalent metrics, isometries.
- 6. Sequences convergence, Cauchy sequences.
- 7. Complete spaces, completions.
- 8. Continuous functions neighbourhoods, bases, mapping properties of functions and inverses, homeomorphisms, extreme value theorem.
- 9. More topological concepts: connectedness, compactness.
- 10. As time permits, contraction mapping theorem--proof, applications to algebraic, differential or integral equations.