

OFFICIAL UNDERGRADUATE COURSE OUTLINE (page 1)

COURSE IMPLEMENTATION DATE: March 1994

COURSE REVISED IMPLEMENTATION DATE: September 2023

COURSE TO BE REVIEWED: May 2014

(four years after UPAC approval) (month, year)

OFFICIAL UNDERGRADUATE COURSE OUTLINE INFORMATION

| Students are advised to keep course outlines in personal files for future use. Shaded headings are subject to change at the discretion of the department – see course syllabus available from instructor | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| POSC 311 Philosophy & Political Science 3 COURSE NAME/NUMBER FACULTY/DEPARTMENT UFV CREDITS Power, Knowledge, and Order: Early Western Political Thought COURSE DESCRIPTIVE TITLE | | | |
| CALENDAR DESCRIPTION: This course covers the history of Western political thought from Classical Greece through the Italian Renaissance. The course will focus on the writings of Plato, Aristotle, Cicero, Augustine, Aquinas, and Macchiavelli. It provides a good overview for students in History, English, and other disciplines, as well as Political Science. Note: Students with credit for PHIL 371 cannot take this course for further credit. | | | |
| PREREQUISITES: One of POSC 120, POSC 270, PHIL 110, PHIL 210, or 45 university-level credits. COREQUISITES: PRE or COREQUISITES: | | | |
| SYNONYMOUS COURSE(S): (a) Replaces: (b) Cross-listed with: (c) Cannot take: PHIL 371 for further credit. | SERVICE COURSE TO: (department/program) | | |
| | N/A N/A | | |
| WILL TRANSFER CREDIT BE REQUESTED? (lower-level courses only) WILL TRANSFER CREDIT BE REQUESTED? (upper-level requested by department) TRANSFER CREDIT EXISTS IN BCCAT TRANSFER GUIDE: □ Yes □ No TRANSFER CREDIT EXISTS IN BCCAT TRANSFER GUIDE: | | | |
| Department approval | Date of meeting: | | |
| Faculty Council approval | Date of meeting: | | |
| Undergraduate Education Committee (UEC) approval | Date of meeting: April 21, 2023 | | |

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate understanding of key historical texts.
- 2. Read independently and interpret political theories.
- 3. Apply the tradition of Western political thought to an interpretation of their own lives and times.

METHODS: (Guest lecturers, presentations, online instruction, field trips, etc.)

Lectures, seminars, assigned readings, essays, written and oral feedback on essays.

METHODS OF OBTAINING PRIOR LEARNING ASSESSMENT RECOGNITION (PLAR):

| | ☐ Portfolio assessment | ☐ Interview(s) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| Other (specify): | | |
| ☐ PLAR cannot be awarded fo | r this course for the following rea | ison(s): |

TEXTBOOKS, REFERENCES, MATERIALS: [Textbook selection varies by instructor. Examples for this course might be:]

Plato, Gorgias

Machiavelli, The Prince

St. Thomas Aquinas, On Kingship

Porter (Ed.), Classics in Political Philosophy

George Klosko, History of Political Theory: An Introduction. Volume I

SUPPLIES / MATERIALS:

STUDENT EVALUATION: [An example of student evaluation for this course might be:]

30% Essay #1 30% Essay #2 Essay #3 30% Class Participation 10%

COURSE CONTENT: [Course content varies by instructor. An example of course content might be:]

Power and Knowledge: The Greeks

- 1. a) Introduction to the course
 - b) Introduction to the Greeks
 - the oral tradition
 - heroic paradigms of action
 - knowledge: techne and paideia
 - arete and paideia
 - the Greek polis and public space
- 2. Socrates, Plato and Knowledge
 - recapitulation and the Homeric consciousness
 - the Platonic dialogue
 - the Socratic dialogue
 - the separation of the known and the knower
 - knowledge and the emergence of "self"
- 3. Socrates' Conversation with Gorgias
 - true education vs. rhetoric
 - freedom, manipulation, and tyranny
 - knowledge and opinion
- 4. The Conversation with Polis
 - sin and knowledge
 - Socratic geometry
 - warm and benefit
 - the Socratic method

Course content continued:

- 5. The Conversation with Kallicles
 - hedonism vs. morality
 - the futility of philosophy
 - morality, knowledge, and the material context
- 6. Knowledge, Politics, and Tragedy
 - Socrates vs. Kallicles?
 - Kallicles & Thrasymakos
 - the value of philosophy?
- 7. Art, Philosophy, and the Political Task
 - the ruling art
 - the philosophical and political status of non-discursive symbolic forms
 - knowledge and dialectic: Plato's contradiction
- 8. Aristotle on Politics
 - Aristotle and Plato
 - Polis and household
 - classification of regimes
 - preservation of regimes

II. Rome: From Pagan Republic to Christian Empire

- 9. Cicero & Aquinas
 - extent of the empire
 - Rome and Greek civilization Cicero's education
 - Stoicism et al.
 - Natural law
 - Republicanism
 - Voluntarism and Republican Liberty
 - The City of God and the City of Man
 - The Fall of Rome and the Manorial Organization of Society
 - The Church symbolic order and political order

III. Political Thought in the Christian Middle Ages

- 10. Thomas Aguinas
 - classical Greek thought and Christian thought
 - Medieval organicism
 - Medieval natural law
 - Justice and kingship
 - Aquinas and Aristotle
 - Medieval rationalism
- 11. Machiavelli: The Reality of Power
- 12. Machiavelli: Reflections and Details
 - realism and morality
 - morality as knowledge vs. morality as rules

IV. The Protestant Reformation: Institutions and Knowledge

- 13. Martin Luther
 - the heterogeneity of the Protestant reaction
 - commerce, nation-state and church government
 - private morality and public space
 - voluntarism
 - the appearance of the individual
- 14. Review