

**UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF THE FRASER VALLEY**

**COURSE INFORMATION**

**DISCIPLINE/DEPARTMENT:** Chemistry

**IMPLEMENTATION DATE:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Revised:** June 1994

Chemistry 222  
**SUBJECT/NUMBER OF COURSE**  
**CREDITS**

Physical Chemistry  
**DESCRIPTIVE TITLE**

4  
**UCFV**

**CALENDAR DESCRIPTION:** Fundamental aspects of chemical thermodynamics are considered and applied to equilibria involving pure substances, mixtures, and reactions. Various aspects of ions in solution (electrochemistry, conductivity) and the theory and practice of reaction kinetics complete the semester. Laboratory work focuses on analytical techniques, and on the topics covered in lectures.

**RATIONALE:**

**COURSE PREREQUISITES:** CHEM 112, or CHEM 101 and 102 (Grade B or better), and MATH 211

**COURSE COREQUISITES:** MATH 211 must be taken previously or concurrently.

<b>HOURS PER TERM FOR EACH STUDENT</b>	<b>Lecture</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>hrs</b>	<b>Student Directed</b>	
	<b>Laboratory</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>hrs</b>	<b>Learning</b>	<b>hrs</b>
	<b>Seminar</b>		<b>hrs</b>	<b>Other - specify:</b>	
	<b>Field Experience</b>		<b>hrs</b>		<b>hrs</b>
				<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>92</b>

**MAXIMUM ENROLMENT:** 24

**Is transfer credit requested?**    **:**    Yes    **9**    No

**AUTHORIZATION SIGNATURES:**

**Course Designer(s):** Lillian Martin    **Chairperson:** T. Cooper  
**Curriculum Committee**

**Department Head:** E. Kroeker    **Dean:** K. Wayne Welsh

**PAC: Approval in Principle** \_\_\_\_\_    **PAC: Final Approval:** November 27, 1996  
**(Date)**    **(Date)**

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**SYNONYMOUS COURSES:**

(a) replaces N/A  
(course #)

(b) cannot take Chem 323 for further credit  
(course #)

**SUPPLIES/MATERIALS:**

**TEXTBOOKS, REFERENCES, MATERIALS (List reading resources elsewhere)**

**TEXTS:**

Physical Chemistry, 5<sup>th</sup> ed., P.W. Atkins, W.H. Freeman

**OBJECTIVES:**

Students will understand the basic principles of physical chemistry as regards to ideal and real gases, the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> Laws, changes of state, electrochemistry and kinetics.

**METHODS:**

Lecture, Demonstration, Small group practice, Discussion, Audio-visual presentation, Use of models and charts.

**STUDENT EVALUATION PROCEDURE:**

Assignments	20%
Midterm examination	30%
Laboratory	20%
Final examination	30%

Note: It is the policy of the Chemistry department that in order to pass a course a student must obtain at least a P grade in the laboratory and lecture evaluations, considered separately. The lecture evaluation includes the assignments, and midterm and final examinations.

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**COURSE CONTENT:**

1. Introduction; Math Review; Definitions.
2. Gases: Ideal gases; Real gases; Critical and corresponding states.
3. The First Law (You Can't Win): Work; Heat; Thermochemistry; Enthalpy; Heat capacities; Ideal gas expansions and compressions.
4. The Second Law (You Can't Break Even): Entropy; Spontaneous processes; Efficiencies; Helmholtz and Gibbs functions; Chemical Potentials.
5. Changes of State: Phase diagrams; Phase Stability and phase transitions; Mixtures of gas and liquids; Real solutions; Phase rule; Degrees of freedom; Chemical reactions.
6. Equilibrium electrochemistry
7. Chemical Kinetics: Empirical laws; Reaction mechanisms; Kinetic theories.

**LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS**

Ten experiments from the following list will be chosen.

- Experiment 1: Gravimetric Determination of Aluminum
- Experiment 2: The Determination of  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  in Copper Ore Concentrate by Iodimetry
- Experiment 3: Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy
- Experiment 4: Use of the Gas Liquid Chromatography to Establish a Phase Diagram
- Experiment 5: Calorimetry - The Energy of Combustion
- Experiment 6: Determination of Molecular Mass by Freezing Point Depression
- Experiment 7: Vapour Pressure of a Pure Liquid and of a Binary Solution
- Experiment 8: Electrochemical Determination of Thermodynamic Quantities
- Experiment 9: Determination of Enthalpy and Entropy of Dissolution
- Experiment 10: Conductance of Solutions
- Experiment 11: A Homogeneously Catalyzed Reaction

Experiment 12: Chemical Kinetics: The Hydrolysis of Ethyl Acetate