

ORIGINAL COURSE IMPLEMENTATION DATE: REVISED COURSE IMPLEMENTATION DATE: COURSE TO BE REVIEWED (six years after UEC approval): Course outline form version: 05/18/2018

March 2027

OFFICIAL UNDERGRADUATE COURSE OUTLINE FORM

Note: The University reserves the right to amend course outlines as needed without notice.

Course Code and Number: CIVI 312	Ν	Number of Credits: 3 Course credit policy (105)					
Course Full Title: Risk Tolerance and Capacity Building in Local Governance							
Course Short Title: Risk & Capacity Bldg Local Gov (Transcripts only display 30 characters. Departments may recommend a short title if one is needed. If left blank, one will be assigned.)							
Faculty: Faculty of Access and Continuing E	ducation D	Department (or program if no department): Continuing Education					
Calendar Description:							
Examines dimensions of innovation and learning within local governance contexts needed to confront future challenges. Focus on how organizations take calculated risks and move from risk avoidance to risk acceptance, and how to do so in ways that build from a diversity of voices within local government and through public engagement.							
			5, PHIL 1	ance and Innovation certificate, (one of: CIVI 200, CMNS HIL 100, or POSC 100), and (one of: CIVI 202, CIVI 302, 2 312).			
Corequisites (if applicable, or NONE):	None			<u> </u>			
Pre/corequisites (if applicable, or NONE):	None						
Antirequisite Courses (Cannot be taken for additional credit.) Spe			Special	pecial Topics (Double-click on boxes to select.)			
Former course code/number:			This cou	This course is offered with different topics:			
			\square No \square Yes (If yes, topic will be recorded when offered.)				
Dual-listed with:			Indepe	ndependent Study			
Equivalent course(s):			-	If offered as an Independent Study course, this course may			
(If offered in the previous five years, antirequisite course(s) will be included in the calendar description as a note that students with credit for the antirequisite course(s) cannot take this course for further credit.)			be repeated for further credit: (<i>If yes, topic will be recorded.</i>) □ No ⊠ Yes, repeat(s) □ Yes, no limit				
				nsfer Credit			
Typical Structure of Instructional Hours			Transfer credit already exists: (See <u>bctransferguide.ca</u> .)				
Lecture/seminar hours		20	_				
Tutorials/workshops			Submit outline for (re)articulation:				
Supervised laboratory hours				□ No			
Experiential (field experience, practicum, internship, etc			Grading System ☑ Letter Grades □ Credit/No Credit				
Supervised online activities		25			Credit		
Other contact hours:			Maximu	um enrolment (for inform	mation only): 20		
	Total hours	45		ed Frequency of Course			
Labs to be scheduled independent of lecture	hours: 🛛 No	☐ Yes	-	Winter, Spring (Every semester, Fall only, annually, etc.)			
Department / Program Head or Director: C	arolyn MacLar	en		Date approved:	October 16, 2020		
Faculty Council approval				Date approved:	November 6, 2020		
Dean/Associate VP: Sue Brigden				Date approved:	November 6, 2020		
Campus-Wide Consultation (CWC)				Date of posting:	March 19, 2021		
Undergraduate Education Committee (UEC) approval				Date of meeting:	March 26, 2021		

Learning Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Contrast varied political and cultural conceptualizations of innovation, including that building from Indigenous and shared knowledge and practices, that can be used in a governance context.
- Identify who the decisionmakers and stakeholders are when unpacking problems that need to be addressed.
- Critically debate the merits of incremental compared to increasingly transformative change and bottom up to top-down change in varied local governance contexts.
- Identify strategies for collaboration across units within local governments needed to breakdown internal barriers to process, organizational, and service innovations.
- Define context-specific strategies for improving diverse and inclusive participation in new initiatives.
- Identify available data and data gaps important to managing risk and supporting success in proposed innovations.
- Reflect upon the importance of transparency, accountability (political, economic, etc.), and equity in shepherding new initiatives.

 Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition (PLAR)

 Yes
 No, PLAR cannot be awarded for this course because

Typical Instructional Methods (Guest lecturers, presentations, online instruction, field trips, etc.; may vary at department's discretion.) Seminar discussion, webinars and on-line discussions, guest speakers.

NOTE: The following sections may vary by instructor. Please see course syllabus available from the instructor.

Typical Text(s) and Resource Materials (If more space is required, download Supplemental Texts and Resource Materials form.)

	Author (surname, initials)	itle (article, book, journal, etc.) Current ed		Publisher	Year
1.	Timeus, K., and Gasco, M	Increasing Innovation Capacity in City Governments (article)		Journal of Urban Affairs	2018
2.	Clausen, T., et al.	Intensity of Innovation in Public Sector Organizations (article)		Public Administration	2020
3.	Galvin, P.	Local government, multilevel governance, and cluster- based innovation strategies (article)		Canadian Public Administration	2019
4.	OECD	Enhancing Innovation Capacity in City Government (report)		OECD	2019
5.	Goldstein, B., and Dyson, L	Beyond Transparency: Open Data and the Future of Civic Innovation		Code for America Press	2013

Required Additional Supplies and Materials (Software, hardware, tools, specialized clothing, etc.) None.

Typical Evaluation Methods and Weighting

Final exam:	%	Assignments:	70%	Field experience:	%	Portfolio:	%
Midterm exam:	%	Project:	30%	Practicum:	%	Other:	%
Quizzes/tests:	%	Lab work:	%	Shop work:	%	Total:	100%

Details (if necessary):

Sample evaluation includes:

- Team initiative proposal: 30%
- Problem-specific data and resource assessment: 20%
- Simulations: 20%
- Structured discussions, debates, and presentations: 20%
- Reflection: 10%

Typical Course Content and Topics

Module 1: Course introduction and themes

- Overview of course; role of course within certificate program
- Where does inspiration for change come from? Considering the source of innovation within local governance systems (public, organizational, municipal, political)
- Innovation as shared value: from applying traditional, place-based, and Indigenous knowledge to new contexts and challenges
- Planning for innovation: how governments plant the seed for change
- Striking a balance between fostering risk and innovation with meeting core needs, service obligations, and intergovernmental partnerships

University of the Fraser Valley Official Undergraduate Course Outline

Module 2: Innovation in Local Governance

- What does innovation mean in a local governance context? Incrementalism relative to transformation.
- Innovation as historic practice: how disruption becomes codified over time.
- Innovation as a proactive rather than reactive process
- Innovation as a shared process: collective efforts at change-making across local governments and in shared governance

Module 3: Breaking Down Organizational Resistance

- Mapping organizational inflexibilities (policies, procedures, personnel) and building up intra-organizational communications to support new projects
- Assessing risk levels within an organization, impacts of changes on employees, and ensuring shared benefits of change
- The importance of building partnerships with First Nations, local organizations, community groups, and the private sector: capacity building, resources, information and knowledge, and public support
- Too many projects, too little time, part I: When does innovation align with organizational priorities?

Module 4: Matching Best Intentions to Political Realities

- Too many projects, too little time, part II: When does innovation align with political priorities?
- Recognizing stakeholders and decision-makers in change-making processes, and areas of common ground or, alternatively, irreconcilable differences
- Building capacity for long-term organizational thinking in short-term political climates
- Innovation when public trust in local governments is waning; using innovation to enhance public confidence and participation

Module 5: Transparency, Accountability, and Inclusion

- Too many projects, too little time, part III: When does innovation align with *public* priorities?
- Strategies for public and political engagement, including that of other units within local governments and neighbouring governments
- Innovation equity: assessing whether the benefits of change are shared or exclusionary
- Identifying and using appropriate data ethically to support arguments for change
- Setting realistic timelines and targets.