

OFFICIAL COURSE OUTLINE INFORMATION

Students are advised to keep course outlines in personal files for future use.

Shaded headings are subject to change at the discretion of the department and material will vary
 - see course syllabus available from instructor

FACULTY/DEPARTMENT: MATHEMATICS & STATISTICS

MATH 112		4
COURSE NAME/NUMBER	FORMER COURSE NUMBER	UCFV CREDITS
	CALCULUS II	
COURSE DESCRIPTIVE TITLE		

CALENDAR DESCRIPTION:

Calculus I is concerned with finding the characteristics of change of a given quantity. In Calculus II, we examine the change in the reverse: if we know the way a quantity changes, can we determine what the quantity is?

Topics include techniques of integration; application of the definite integral to various problems such as areas, volumes, fluid pressure and population growth; improper integrals and their applications; an introduction to differential equations; polynomial approximations to functions; sequences and series.

PREREQUISITES: Math 111 with a C or higher

COREQUISITES: None

SYNONYMOUS COURSE(S)

(a) Replaces: N/A
 (Course #)
 (b) Cannot take MATH 116 for further credit
 (Course #)

SERVICE COURSE TO:

(Department / Program)
 (Department / Program)

TOTAL HOURS PER TERM: 75

STRUCTURE OF HOURS:

Lectures: 75 hrs
 Seminar: hrs
 Laboratory: hrs
 Field Experience: hrs
 Student Directed Learning: hrs
 Other (Specify): hrs

TRAINING DAY-BASED INSTRUCTION

LENGTH OF COURSE: _____
 HOURS PER DAY: _____

MAXIMUM ENROLMENT: 36

EXPECTED FREQUENCY OF COURSE OFFERING: Fall and winter terms. May be offered in spring term, according to demand and funding.

WILL TRANSFER CREDIT BE REQUESTED? (lower-level courses only) YES NO

WILL TRANSFER CREDIT BE REQUESTED? (upper-level requested by department) YES NO

TRANSFER CREDIT EXISTS IN BCCAT TRANSFER GUIDE: YES NO

AUTHORIZATION SIGNATURES:

Course designer(s): UCFV Calculus Group	Chairperson:
Department Head: Gregg Schlitt	Dean: J. Snodgrass
PAC Approval in Principle Date: _____	PAC Final Approval Date: November 29, 2000

MATH 112

COURSE NAME / NUMBER

LEARNING OBJECTIVES / GOALS / OUTCOMES/ LEARNING OUTCOMES:

Building upon their knowledge of differential calculus, successful students will:

- become competent with the fundamental techniques of integration,
- be able to develop and evaluate definite and improper integrals arising in a variety of situations, including geometry, physics, biology, and economics
- be able to set up and solve elementary differential equations using graphical, numerical and analytical techniques
- apply their knowledge of DEs to solve basic growth and decay problems in a variety of settings
- be able to construct, manipulate and apply Taylor series

In principle, the student will be able to carry out all analyses and calculations both with and without technological support.

In the process of mastering the concepts and techniques of this first year of calculus, the student should develop an appreciation of what mathematics is and how the skills honed through the study of mathematics are useful in other disciplines.

METHODS:

Lectures are interspersed with problem sessions; evaluation includes assignments, midterms, and a three-hour comprehensive final. Graphing calculators will be used throughout. In addition, mathematical software may be used.

PRIOR LEARNING ASSESSMENT RECOGNITION (PLAR):

Credit can be awarded for this course through PLAR YES X NO

METHODS OF OBTAINING PLAR:

Course challenge

TEXTBOOKS, REFERENCES, MATERIALS:

[Textbook selection varies by instructor. An example of texts for this course might be:]

The textbook is chosen by a departmental curriculum committee. Recent texts include:

Conally, Hughes-Hallett, Gleason, et al., Calculus, second edition, Wiley, 199
Stewart, Single Variable Calculus, Early Transcendentals, fourth edition, Brooks/Cole, 1999

SUPPLIES / MATERIALS:

A graphing calculator (without a computer algebraic system) will be required.

STUDENT EVALUATION:

[An example of student evaluation for this course might be:]

The weighting of the various components may vary from instructor to instructor and from year to year, although there must be at least two midterms, and the comprehensive final exam must be worth from 30% to 50% of the final grade.

An example of student evaluation for this course:

Quizzes/assignments	20%
Midterm exams	40%
Final exam	40%

COURSE CONTENT:

[Course content varies by instructor. An example of course content might be:]

- I. Definite Integral
 1. brief review of derivatives and antiderivatives
 2. integration by substitution
 3. integration by parts
 4. other integration techniques, as time permits: trigonometric substitution, partial fractions
 5. use of tables
 6. numerical integration* including Riemann sums, trapezoid and midpoint rules, Simpson's rule
 7. improper integrals
- II. Applications: constructing Riemann sums and evaluating integrals in a wide variety of settings, including:
 1. area, volume, arc length
 2. applications from the natural and social sciences
- III. Differential Equations
 1. slope fields*
 2. Euler's method*
 3. separating variables
 4. applications to growth and decay problems*, including exponential, limited, and logistic models
 5. modelling other situations, as time permits*
- IV. Series
 1. Taylor polynomials*
 2. sequences and series
 3. Taylor series* and applications
 4. error estimation

* While graphing calculators or other technology are used throughout the course, they are particularly useful in helping students explore these concepts.