



COURSE IMPLEMENTATION DATE: September 2012
 COURSE REVISED IMPLEMENTATION DATE: _____
 COURSE TO BE REVIEWED: March 2018
(six years after UEC approval) *(month, year)*

OFFICIAL UNDERGRADUATE COURSE OUTLINE INFORMATION

Students are advised to keep course outlines in personal files for future use.
 Shaded headings are subject to change at the discretion of the department – see course syllabus available from instructor

<u>MATH 118</u>	<u>SCIENCE/MATHEMATICS & STATISTICS</u>	<u>4</u>
COURSE NAME/NUMBER	FACULTY/DEPARTMENT	UFV CREDITS
Calculus II for Life Sciences		
COURSE DESCRIPTIVE TITLE		

CALENDAR DESCRIPTION:

In this course we study the problem of how to determine a quantity given only knowledge of its rate of change. After learning the solution to such a problem, we will apply the tools of calculus to modeling systems in biology. Topics include the definite integral; interpretation and application of the definite integral; improper integrals and their applications; an introduction to differential equations; an introduction to numerical techniques of integration; analysis of models describing population dynamics, epidemics, genetics, chemical reactions, and excitable tissue.

Note: Students may receive credit for only one of MATH 112, MATH 118, and MATH 116.

PREREQUISITES: MATH 111 with a C or better
 COREQUISITES: _____
 PRE or COREQUISITES: BIO 112

SYNONYMOUS COURSE(S):

- (a) Replaces: _____
- (b) Cross-listed with: _____
- (c) Cannot take: MATH 116, MATH 112 for further credit.

SERVICE COURSE TO: *(department/program)*

TOTAL HOURS PER TERM: 60

STRUCTURE OF HOURS:

Lectures: 60 Hrs
 Seminar: _____ Hrs
 Laboratory: _____ Hrs
 Field experience: _____ Hrs
 Student directed learning: _____ Hrs

Other (specify): _____ Hrs

TRAINING DAY-BASED INSTRUCTION:

Length of course: _____
 Hours per day: _____

OTHER:

Maximum enrolment: 36
 Expected frequency of course offerings: Fall & winter semesters.
May be offered in
Summer according to
demand & funding
(every semester, annually, every other year, etc.)

WILL TRANSFER CREDIT BE REQUESTED? (lower-level courses only)

Yes No

WILL TRANSFER CREDIT BE REQUESTED? (upper-level requested by department)

Yes No

TRANSFER CREDIT EXISTS IN BCCAT TRANSFER GUIDE:

Yes No

Course designer(s): Bio-Calculus Group

Department Head: Greg Schlitt

Date approved: October 31, 2011

Supporting area consultation (Pre-UEC) _____

Date of meeting: February 3, 2012

Curriculum Committee chair: Norm Taylor

Date approved: January 27, 2012

Dean/Associate VP: Ora Steyn

Date approved: February 10, 2012

Undergraduate Education Committee (UEC) approval

Date of meeting: March 2, 2012

LEARNING OUTCOMES:

The main objectives of this course are to learn how to compute and interpret the definite integral, and use the tools of calculus to perform basic analysis of mathematical models in biological settings.

Building upon their knowledge of differential calculus, successful students will:

1. Demonstrate competence with the fundamental techniques of integration.
2. Develop and evaluate definite and improper integrals arising in a variety of situations in biology.
3. Set up and solve elementary differential equations (DEs) using graphical, numerical and analytical techniques.
4. Apply their knowledge of DEs to solve basic growth and decay problems.
5. Perform qualitative analysis on systems of DEs by finding equilibria, nullclines, and determining stability properties.
6. Apply their knowledge of DEs to construct, interpret, and criticize models of biological phenomena

METHODS: *(Guest lecturers, presentations, online instruction, field trips, etc.)*

Lectures are interspersed with problem sessions; evaluation includes assignments, midterms, and a three-hour comprehensive final. Graphing calculators will be used. In addition, mathematical software may be used.

METHODS OF OBTAINING PRIOR LEARNING ASSESSMENT RECOGNITION (PLAR):

Examination(s) Portfolio assessment Interview(s)

Other (specify): Course challenge.

TEXTBOOKS, REFERENCES, MATERIALS: *[Textbook selection varies by instructor. Examples for this course might be:]*

Calculus for the Life Sciences. Bittinger, Brand & Quintanilla
Calculus for the Life Sciences, Modeling the Dynamics of Life, Adler & Lovric

SUPPLIES / MATERIALS:

STUDENT EVALUATION: *[An example of student evaluation for this course might be:]*

The weighting of the various components may vary from instructor to instructor and from year to year, although there must be at least two midterms, and the comprehensive final exam must be worth from 30% to 50% of the final grade. Students must obtain at least 40% on the final exam to pass the course.

An example of student evaluation for this course:

Quizzes/Assignments	10%
Project	15%
Midterm Exams	35%
Final Exam	40%

COURSE CONTENT: *[Course content varies by instructor. An example of course content might be:]*

Exact course content and ordering may vary slightly from year to year but will encompass the following:

- I. Definite Integral:
 1. brief review of derivatives and antiderivatives
 2. integration by substitution
 3. integration by parts
 4. numerical integration* including Riemann sums, trapezoidal and midpoint rules, Simpson's rule
 5. improper integrals
- II. Applications: constructing Riemann sums and evaluating integrals in a wide variety of settings, including
 1. area and volume
 2. applications biology such as integrals of population densities or concentrations
- III. Differential Equations
 1. slope fields
 2. Euler's method
 3. separation of variables
 4. stability of equilibria
 5. analysis of systems using nullclines
- IV. Models in biology
 1. single species populations
 2. interacting species (predator prey, competition models)
 3. epidemic models
 4. replicator dynamics
 5. excitable systems