

COURSE IMPLEMENTATION DATE:
 COURSE REVISED IMPLEMENTATION DATE: January 1996
 COURSE TO BE REVIEWED: January 2000
 (Four years after implementation date) (MONTH YEAR)

OFFICIAL COURSE OUTLINE INFORMATION

Students are advised to keep course outlines in personal files for future use.
 Shaded headings are subject to change at the discretion of the department and the material will vary
 - see course syllabus available from instructor

FACULTY/DEPARTMENT:	NATURAL SCIENCES
PHYSICS 101	4
COURSE NAME/NUMBER	UCFV CREDITS
INTRODUCTORY GENERAL PHYSICS: MECHANICS AND SOUND	
COURSE DESCRIPTIVE TITLE	

CALENDAR DESCRIPTION:

This non-calculus course is intended for students with little background in physics. Topics covered in this course include Newtonian mechanics of particles and rigid bodies, sound, and laboratory experiments in the field of mechanics and sound. The object is to understand the fundamental laws of mechanics and sound and learn how to apply the theory to solve related problems. The course will be presented using lectures, tutorials, and laboratory experiments.

PREREQUISITES: **BC PHYS 11 and BC ALGEBRA 12 or equivalent, or permission of the instructor.**
 COREQUISITES: **None**

SYNONYMOUS COURSE(S)	SERVICE COURSE TO:
(a) Replaces: _____ (Course #)	_____
(b) Cannot take: _____ for further credit. (Course #)	_____

TOTAL HOURS PER TERM: 105	TRAINING DAY-BASED INSTRUCTION
STRUCTURE OF HOURS:	LENGTH OF COURSE: _____
Lectures: 60 Hrs	HOURS PER DAY: _____
Seminar: _____ Hrs	
Laboratory: 39 Hrs	
Field Experience: _____ Hrs	
Student Directed Learning: _____ Hrs	
Other (Specify): Exams 6 Hrs	

MAXIMUM ENROLLMENT: _____

EXPECTED FREQUENCY OF COURSE OFFERINGS: _____

WILL TRANSFER CREDIT BE REQUESTED? (lower-level courses only) Yes No

WILL TRANSFER CREDIT BE REQUESTED? (upper-level requested by department) Yes No

TRANSFER CREDIT EXISTS IN BCCAT TRANSFER GUIDE: Yes No

AUTHORIZATION SIGNATURES:

Course Designer(s): _____ Robert Woodside	Chairperson: _____ (Curriculum Committee)
Department Head: _____ Tim Cooper	Dean: _____ J.D. Tunstall, Ph.D.
PAC Approval in Principle Date: _____	PAC Final Approval Date: November 29, 1995

LEARNING OBJECTIVES / GOALS / OUTCOMES / LEARNING OUTCOMES:

The students will be able to:

1. Understand the fundamental laws of mechanics and sound and learn how to apply the theory to solve related problems.
2. Apply physics to everyday situations and phenomena in biology and engineering.
3. Use and investigate modern apparatus, perform fundamental laboratory experiments, and interpret data obtained.
4. Develop a feeling for the order of magnitude of physical quantities in real experiments.
5. Write formal laboratory reports in the conventional format required for submissions to scientific journals.

METHODS:

This course will be presented using lecture, tutorial periods, and laboratory experiments. Films and other audio-visual aids will be used where appropriate. Problems will be assigned on a regular basis which are to be handed in and marked. At the tutorial period the marked assignments will be discussed and additional problems in the same general area will be given for the students to work on during the period. Close coordination will be maintained between laboratory and classroom work whenever possible.

PRIOR LEARNING ASSESSMENT RECOGNITION (PLAR):

Credit can be awarded for this course through PLAR (Please check:) Yes No

METHODS OF OBTAINING PLAR:

TEXTBOOKS, REFERENCES, MATERIALS:

[Textbook selection varies by instructor. An example of texts for this course might be:]

Sears, Zemansky and Young, College Physics, 7th Ed., Addison-Wesley (1990)

REFERENCES:

Beuche, Principles of Physics, 5th Ed., McGraw-Hill, 1988
Blatt, Principles of Physics, 3rd Ed., Allyn & Bacon (1989)
Serway, Physics for Scientists and Engineers, 2nd Ed., Saunders (1986)

SUPPLIES / MATERIALS:

STUDENT EVALUATION:

[An example of student evaluation for this course might be:]

Assignments		15%
Mid-term	25%	
Laboratory Work		20%
Final Exam		40%

COURSE CONTENT:

[Course content varies by instructor. An example of course content might be:]

WEEK 1 - 2 MATHEMATICS PRELIMINARIES

- Checking the units (Dimensional Analysis)
- Vectors
 - Mathematics of directed quantities or vectors is part of the language of physical science
 - Vector notation
 - Well known geometry revisited with displacement vectors
 - Force is a vector
 - Dot product (work) and cross product (torque vector) are introduced
 - Coordinate Systems are picked for convenience
 - Component notation and trigonometry

WEEK 3 - MOTION

- Rate of change or derivative of displacement vector is velocity

- Acceleration is the derivative of velocity
- One and two dimensional motion with constant acceleration

WEEK 4 - 5.5 NEWTON'S LAWS

- An isolated body has a constant velocity
- Inertia or mass is the resistance of a body to velocity changes
- The sum of the external forces on a body give the product of the mass and acceleration of the body
- Weight is a force ($W = mg$)
- Reaction is equal and opposite to action
- Contact forces and friction law
- Forces are analyzed with free body diagrams

WEEK 5.5 - 6 STATICS - VANISHING OF FORCES OR TORQUES

- A force directed through a body's centre of mass causes the body to accelerate.
- An equal force directed obliquely causes the same acceleration and a rotation about the centre of mass. Such a force produces a torque which causes rotation.
- With the aid of free body diagrams and the vanishing of forces and torques, 2 and 3 simultaneous equations are found and solved.

WEEK 7 - 8 WORK AND ENERGY

- Work is force through distance
- Kinetic Energy
- Gravitational Potential Energy
- Conservative forces and independence of path and potential energy
- Energy conservation
- Power is the rate at which work is done

WEEK 9 MOMENTUM AND IMPULSE

- Momentum - Impulse Conservation
- Collisions - elastic, inelastic, perfectly inelastic

WEEK 10 CIRCULAR MOTION

- Analogy between linear and circular motion with angular and tangential quantities
- Centripetal acceleration
- Newton's Law of Universal Gravitation
- Free body diagrams for circular motion

WEEK 11 - 12.5 ROTATIONAL MOTION IN A PLANE

- Analogy between linear and rotational dynamics: forces and torques, linear and angular momentum, mass and moment of inertia, translational and rotational kinetic energy

WEEK 12.5 - 13.5 SIMPLE HARMONIC MOTION AND WAVES

- Differential equation for uniform circular motion is simple harmonic motion equation
 - Solution by analogy for spring and pendulum
 - Integrating force to get potential energy
- Travelling wave solutions to wave equation

WEEK 13.5 - 14 SOUND: AS COMPRESSIONAL WAVES IN ELASTIC MEDIA

- Intensity in decibels
- Doppler effect
- Interference of sound waves
- Noise and safety

LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS:

1. Error Analysis
2. Graphical Analysis and Collecting of Data
3. Graphical Analysis and Collecting of Data
4. Acceleration Due to Gravity
5. Projectile Motion
6. Centripetal Force
7. Conservation of Momentum (1D)
8. Conservation of Energy (2D)
9. Conservation of Energy
10. Moment of Inertia

