

## OFFICIAL UNDERGRADUATE COURSE OUTLINE FORM

Note: The University reserves the right to amend course outlines as needed without notice.

<b>Course Code and Number:</b> PSYC 301		<b>Number of Credits:</b> 3 <a href="#">Course credit policy (105)</a>													
<b>Course Full Title:</b> Intermediate Quantitative Methods and Statistical Inference in Psychology															
<b>Course Short Title:</b> Quant Methods & Stat Inference															
<b>Faculty:</b> Faculty of Social Sciences		<b>Department (or program if no department):</b> Psychology													
<b>Calendar Description:</b> An extension of the basic theory and methods underlying research design, data analysis, and statistical inference. Students learn the logic of quantitative methods, both descriptive and inferential in nature. They also apply this logic to research scenarios using statistical software and interpret the results of inferential tests.															
<b>Prerequisites (or NONE):</b>		(One of PSYC 110, STAT 104, or STAT 106), PSYC 202, and 12 credits of 300-level or above psychology.													
<b>Corequisites (if applicable, or NONE):</b>															
<b>Pre/corequisites (if applicable, or NONE):</b>															
<b>Antirequisite Courses</b> ( <i>Cannot be taken for additional credit.</i> ) Former course code/number: Cross-listed with: Equivalent course(s): <i>(If offered in the previous five years, antirequisite course(s) will be included in the calendar description as a note that students with credit for the antirequisite course(s) cannot take this course for further credit.)</i>		<b>Course Details</b> Special Topics course: <b>No</b> <i>(If yes, the course will be offered under different letter designations representing different topics.)</i> Directed Study course: <b>No</b> <i>(See <a href="#">policy 207</a> for more information.)</i> Grading System: <b>Letter grades</b> Delivery Mode: <b>May be offered in multiple delivery modes</b> Expected frequency: <b>Winter only</b> Maximum enrolment (for information only): <b>25</b>													
<b>Typical Structure of Instructional Hours</b> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Lecture/seminar</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Tutorials/workshops</td> <td>15</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td><b>Total hours</b></td> <td><b>45</b></td> </tr> </table>		Lecture/seminar	30	Tutorials/workshops	15							<b>Total hours</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition (PLAR)</b> PLAR is available for this course.	
Lecture/seminar	30														
Tutorials/workshops	15														
<b>Total hours</b>	<b>45</b>														
<b>Scheduled Laboratory Hours</b> Labs to be scheduled independent of lecture hours: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes		<b>Transfer Credit</b> (See <a href="#">bctransferguide.ca.</a> ) Transfer credit already exists: <b>Yes</b> Submit outline for (re)articulation: <b>No</b> <i>(If yes, fill in <a href="#">transfer credit form.</a>)</i>													
<b>Department approval</b>		<b>Date of meeting:</b> March 26, 2025													
<b>Faculty Council approval</b>		<b>Date of meeting:</b> June 6, 2025													
<b>Undergraduate Education Committee (UEC) approval</b>		<b>Date of meeting:</b> September 26, 2025													

**Learning Outcomes** *(These should contribute to students' ability to meet program outcomes and thus Institutional Learning Outcomes.)*

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

1. Perform descriptive analyses (involving both numerical and graphical summaries of data) using statistical software (e.g., SPSS).
2. Apply appropriate statistical inferential tools in the context of various research designs (e.g., correlational, quasi-experimental, experimental, repeated measures).
3. Perform inferential analyses (involving *t*- and *F*- distributions) using statistical software (e.g., SPSS).
4. Interpret the results of statistical hypothesis tests involving univariate, bivariate, and multivariate distributions using the techniques of ANOVA and regression.
5. Illustrate, both in writing and in application, mastery of fundamental statistical concepts including sampling distributions, effect sizes, confidence intervals, and p-values.
6. Implement the logic of null hypothesis testing in making sound inferential arguments when applying statistical tools.
7. Justify, in writing, the making of sound analytical decisions in the process of running a hypothesis test (e.g., dealing with violated assumptions, imbalanced designs, outliers).

**Recommended Evaluation Methods and Weighting** *(Evaluation should align to learning outcomes.)*

Final exam:	35%	Assignments:	30%	%
Quizzes/tests:	35%		%	%

**Details:**

**NOTE:** The following sections may vary by instructor. Please see course syllabus available from the instructor.

**Typical Instructional Methods** *(Guest lecturers, presentations, online instruction, field trips, etc.)*

Lectures, laboratory activities.

**Texts and Resource Materials** *(Include online resources and Indigenous knowledge sources. [Open Educational Resources](#) (OER) should be included whenever possible. If more space is required, use the [Supplemental Texts and Resource Materials form](#).)*

Type	Author or description	Title and publication/access details	Year
1. Textbook	Howell, David, C.	Statistical Methods for Psychology / Bookstore access	2013
2. OER book	Tafreshi, D.	Intermediate Statistics for Psychology	2023
3.			
4.			
5.			

**Required Additional Supplies and Materials** *(Software, hardware, tools, specialized clothing, etc.)*

Statistical software (e.g., SPSS, R).

**Course Content and Topics**

- Review of basic statistical concepts, probability, algebra, and notation
- Review of descriptive statistics/data analysis, including limitations of measurement practices
- Review of sampling distributions and the logic of Neyman-Pearsonian null hypothesis testing
- Effect sizes and confidence intervals, including effect size specification vs. magnitude of effect estimation
- One-way analysis of variance (ANOVA)
- Type II error control (power analyses)
- Simultaneous inference (post-hoc comparisons)
- Two-way between subjects ANOVA
- Repeated measures (within-subject) ANOVA
- Simple linear regression & correlation
- Multiple linear regression
- Special issues pertaining to null-hypothesis testing and alternative methods of inference