

ORIGINAL COURSE IMPLEMENTATION DATE:

**REVISED COURSE IMPLEMENTATION DATE:** 

COURSE TO BE REVIEWED (six years after UEC approval): June 2027

September 2021

Course outline form version: 05/18/2018

# OFFICIAL UNDERGRADUATE COURSE OUTLINE FORM

Note: The University reserves the right to amend course outlines as needed without notice.

Course Code and Number: PSYC 311		Number of Credits: 3 Course credit policy (105)					
Course Full Title: Qualitative Methods in Psychology Course Short Title: Qualitative Methods in Psyc.  (Transcripts only display 30 characters. Departments may recommend a short title if one is needed. If left blank, one will be assigned.)							
Faculty: Faculty of Social Sciences	D	Department (or program if no department): Psychology					
Calendar Description:							
Focuses on the use of qualitative methods to examine research problems in psychology. Topics include the historical and philosophical roots of qualitative methods in psychology and the design and implementation of qualitative research studies, including various forms of qualitative data collection (such as textual, observational, and ethnographic) and analysis (such as narrative, discursive, and phenomenological).							
Note: Students with credit for PSYC 491X cannot take this course for further credit.							
Prerequisites (or NONE):  PSYC 101, PSYC 102, and on 220, KIN 301, KIN 400, or PSY			one of the following: ANTH 255/MACS 255/SOC255, CRIM PSYC 202.				
Corequisites (if applicable, or NONE):							
Pre/corequisites (if applicable, or NONE):							
Antirequisite Courses (Cannot be taken for Former course code/number: PSYC 491X Cross-listed with: Dual-listed with: Equivalent course(s): (If offered in the previous five years, antirequi included in the calendar description as a note for the antirequisite course(s) cannot take this	will be with credit	Special Topics (Double-click on boxes to select.)  This course is offered with different topics:  No Yes (If yes, topic will be recorded when offered.)  Independent Study  If offered as an Independent Study course, this course may be repeated for further credit: (If yes, topic will be recorded.)  No Yes, repeat(s) Yes, no limit					
Typical Structure of Instructional Hours		Transfe		er Credit er credit already exists: (See <u>bctransferguide.ca</u> .)			
Lecture/seminar hours		45	⊠ No ☐ Yes				
Tutorials/workshops			Submit outline for (re)articulation:				
Supervised laboratory hours			☐ No	☐ Yes (If yes, fill in trans	sfer credit form.)		
Experiential (field experience, practicum, internship, etc.			Grading System  ☑ Letter Grades ☐ Credit/No Credit  Maximum enrolment (for information only): 25				
Supervised online activities							
Other contact hours:							
	Total hours	45	Expect	ed Frequency of Course	Offerings:		
Labs to be scheduled independent of lecture	hours: 🛛 No	☐ Yes	-	y (Every semester, Fall o	_		
Department / Program Head or Director: Zoe Dennison				Date approved:	March 2021		
Faculty Council approval				Date approved:	April 9, 2021		
Dean/Associate VP: Jacqueline Nolte				Date approved:	April 9, 2021		
Campus-Wide Consultation (CWC)				Date of posting:	June 4, 2021		
Undergraduate Education Committee (UEC) approval			Date of meeting:	June 18, 2021			

### **Learning Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Critically analyze the historical and philosophical underpinnings of qualitative research methods in psychology.
- Evaluate standards of methodological rigor in qualitative research.
- Apply techniques of qualitative data generation/collection (e.g., by conducting practice interviews, discourse analyses, and/or observations).
- Apply techniques of qualitative data analysis through the writing of a research report.
- Evaluate qualitative methodological practices and findings in published qualitative psychological research studies.
- Critically analyze ethical and social issues pertaining to qualitative methods in psychology.
- · Examine the role of one's position as a researcher in the research process through the engaging of critical reflexivity.

## **Prior Learning Assessment and Recognition (PLAR)**

**Typical Instructional Methods** (Guest lecturers, presentations, online instruction, field trips, etc.; may vary at department's discretion.) May include lecture, demonstration, seminar discussion, audio-visual presentation. This course may also be offered online or as a hybrid course.

## NOTE: The following sections may vary by instructor. Please see course syllabus available from the instructor.

Typical Text(s) and Resource Materials (If more space is required, download Supplemental Texts and Resource Materials form.)								
	Author (surname, initials)	Title (article, book, journal, etc.)	Current ed.	Publisher	Year			
1.	Wertz, F. J., Charmaz, K., McMullen, L. M., Josselson, R., Anderson, R., & McSpadden, E.	Five Ways of Doing Qualitative Analysis: Phenomenological Psychology, Grounded Theory, Discourse Analysis, Narrative Research, & Intuitive Inquiry		The Guilford Press	2011			
2.	Willig, C.	What can qualitative psychology contribute to psychological knowledge? (journal article)		Psychological Methods	2020			
3.	Braun, V. & Clarke, V.	Using thematic analysis in psychology (journal article)		Qualitative Research in Psychology	2006			
4.								

Required Additional Supplies and Materials (Software, hardware, tools, specialized clothing, etc.)

## **Typical Evaluation Methods and Weighting**

Final exam:	%	Assignments:	50%	Field experience:	%	Portfolio:	%
Midterm exam:	%	Project:	50%	Practicum:	%	Other:	%
Quizzes/tests:	%	Lab work:	%	Shop work:	%	Total:	100%

**Details (if necessary):** May vary by instructor. For example, 4 substantial assignments, one pertaining to each of 4 modules in a course (each worth 25%). Alternatively, several small assignments (worth 50% total) and one larger research project (worth 50%).

## **Typical Course Content and Topics**

Module 1: The place of qualitative methods in psychology

- Historical, current, and potential future role of qualitative methods in psychology
- Philosophical and methodological roots of qualitative methods
- The relationship between quantitative and qualitative methods in psychology: possibility for mixing methods?

### Module 2: Research design and data collection

- Qualitative interviews in psychology
- Observational and ethnographic methods in psychology

## Module 3: Analyzing qualitative data

- Thematic analysis
- Phenomenological analysis
- Discourse analysis
- Narrative analysis

## Module 4: Issues in research: quality, ethics, and reflexivity

- Establishing the quality of qualitative research
- Ethics and participant involved in the research process
- · Epistemological violence and Indigenous psychology/methodology