

University of the Fraser Valley

Pay transparency report

Employer details

Employer:	University of the Fraser Valley
Address:	33844 King Road, Abbotsford, BC
Reporting Year:	2025
Time Period:	April 1, 2024 - March 31, 2025
NAICS Code:	61 - Educational services
Number of Employees:	1000 or more



Mean hourly pay gap¹

\$1.00	Men
\$0.94	Women
\$0.86	Non-binary
\$2.29	Prefer not to say / Unknown

Median hourly pay gap²

\$1.00	Men
\$0.95	Women
\$0.93	Non-binary
\$1.05	Prefer not to say / Unknown

In this organization women's average hourly wages are 6% less than men's and non-binary people's average hourly wages are 14% less than men's. For every dollar men earn in average hourly wages, women earn 94 cents and non-binary people earn 86 cents in average hourly wages.

In this organization women's median hourly wages are 5% less than men's and non-binary people's median hourly wages are 7% less than men's. For every dollar men earn in median hourly wages, women earn 95 cents and non-binary people earn 93 cents in median hourly wages.

Explanatory notes

1. "Mean hourly pay gap" refers to the differences in pay between gender groups calculated by average pay. Hourly pay does not include bonuses and overtime.
2. "Median hourly pay gap" refers to the differences in pay between gender groups calculated by the mid range of pay for each group. Hourly pay does not include bonuses and overtime.



Overtime pay

Mean overtime pay³

\$1.00	Men
\$0.67	Women
\$1.19	Prefer not to say / Unknown

In this organization women's average overtime pay is 33% less than men's. For every dollar men earn in average overtime pay, women earn 67 cents in average overtime pay. *

Median overtime pay⁴

\$1.00	Men
\$0.31	Women
\$1.03	Prefer not to say / Unknown

In this organization women's median overtime pay is 69% less than men's. For every dollar men earn in median overtime pay, women earn 31 cents in median overtime pay. *

Mean overtime paid hours⁵

Difference as compared to reference group (Men)

Women	-52
Prefer not to say / Unknown	27

In this organization the average number of overtime hours worked by women was 52 less than by men. *

Median overtime paid hours⁶

Difference as compared to reference group (Men)

Women	0
Prefer not to say / Unknown	65

In this organization the median number of overtime hours worked by women was 0 less than by men. *

Percentage of employees in each gender category receiving overtime pay

17%	Men
12%	Women
12%	Prefer not to say / Unknown

Explanatory notes

3. "Mean overtime pay" refers to overtime pay when averaged for each group.
4. "Median overtime pay" refers to the middle point of overtime pay for each group.
5. "Mean overtime paid hours" refers to the average number of hours of overtime worked for each group.
6. "Median overtime paid hours" refers to the middle point of number of overtime hours worked for each group.



Bonus pay

Mean bonus pay⁷

This measure cannot be displayed because there is insufficient data to meet disclosure requirements.

Median bonus pay⁸

This measure cannot be displayed because there is insufficient data to meet disclosure requirements.

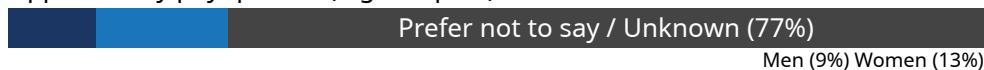
Percentage of employees in each gender category receiving bonus pay

This measure cannot be displayed because there is insufficient data to meet disclosure requirements.



Percentage of each gender in each pay quartile⁹

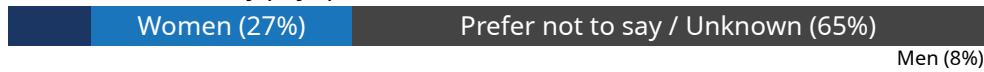
Upper hourly pay quartile (highest paid) †



Upper middle hourly pay quartile †



Lower middle hourly pay quartile †



Lowest hourly pay quartile (lowest paid) †



In this organization, women occupy 13% of the highest paid jobs and 27% of the lowest paid jobs.

† This pay quartile was reduced to suppress gender categories consisting of less than ten (10) employees.

Explanatory notes

7. "Mean bonus pay" refers to bonus pay when averaged for each group.
8. "Median bonus pay" refers to the middle point of bonus pay for each group.
9. "Pay quartile" refers to the percentage of each gender within four equal sized groups based on their hourly pay.

* In accordance with the Pay Transparency Act and reporting rules designed to protect the anonymity and privacy of respondents, one or more gender categories has been excluded due to insufficient numbers to meet disclosure requirements.